



D. I. Y. No Filing Fees

by **Sovereignty International** (a trust)

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If you pay the Filing Fees

- You are paying for the errors and omissions insurance for the BAAL priest
- You are converting a court case into a commercial transaction
- You are giving yourself an admiralty court
- You are saying that you are a US citizen
- You are converting yourself into their slave and begging for their help
- You are giving the BAAL priest Clerk masquerading as a Judge the opportunity to sit there and play stupid
- You are saying that you are a “taxpayer”

Self Inflicted Problems

- **“Sec. 15. As used in this Act the term “United States” means the Government of the United States...the term “currency of the United States” means currency which is legal tender in the United States, and includes United States notes,...Federal Reserve Notes...”**
- **“Sec. 17. All Acts and parts of Acts inconsistent with any of the provisions of this Act are hereby repealed.” Gold Reserve Act of 1934, 48 Stat. 337**

FILING FEES
EXTORTION
EXCISE TAX

Excise Tax

- **“License, contracts, is a right given by some competent authority to do an act, which without such authority would be illegal. The instrument or writing which secures this right is also called a license. Vide Ayl.Parerg. 353; 15 Vin.Ab 92; Ang. Wat. Co. 61, 85. A license is express or implied. An express license is one in which in direct terms authorizes the performance of a certain act; as a license to keep a tavern by public authority. An implied license is one which though not expressly given, may be presumed from the acts of the party having the right to give it.”**
Bouvier’s Law Dictionary 1843 Edition, Volume 2, page 53 [emphasis added]

Excise Tax Extortion

- **“2. The requirement of payment for such licenses is only a mode of imposing taxes on the licensed business, and the prohibition, under penalties, against carrying on the business without license is only a mode of enforcing the payment of such taxes. 5. The recognition by the acts of Congress of the power and right of the states to tax, control, or regulate any business carried on within its limits is entirely consistent with an intention on the part of Congress to tax such business for national purposes.” License Tax Cases 72 U.S. (5 Wall.) 462 (1866)**

Excise Tax Extortion

- **“If it were true that, according to the spirit of our Constitution, the power of taxation must be limited by the right of representation, whence is derived the right to lay and collect duties, imposts, and excises, within this District? If the principles of liberty and of our Constitution forbid the raising of revenue from those who are not represented, do not these principles forbid the raising it by duties, imposts, and excises, as well as by a direct tax?” Longborough v Blake 18 U.S. 317 (1820), [emphasis added],**

Excise Tax Extortion

- **"The individual, unlike the corporation, cannot be taxed for the mere privilege of existing. The corporation is an artificial entity which owes its existence and charter powers to the state; but the individuals' rights to live and own property are natural rights for the enjoyment of which an excise cannot be imposed."** Redfield v. Fisher, 292 P. 813, 135 Or. 180, 294 P.461, 73 A.L.R. 721 (1931)

Excise Tax Extortion

- **“The claim and exercise of a Constitutional (guaranteed) right cannot be converted into a crime”.** Miller v US, 230 Fed 486,489
- **"No State shall convert a liberty into a privilege, license it, and charge a fee therefore."** _Murdock v. Pennsylvania, 319 US 105
- **"There can be no sanction or penalty imposed upon one because of this exercise of constitutional rights."** Sherer v. Cullen, 481 F 946
- **"If the State converts a right (liberty) into a privilege, the citizen can ignore the license and fee and engage in the right (liberty) with impunity."** Shuttlesworth v. City of Birmingham Alabama, 373 US 262

Selling Justus

- “**(a)**The clerk of each district court shall require the parties instituting any civil action, suit or proceeding in such court, whether by original process, removal or otherwise, to pay a filing fee of \$350, except that on application for a writ of habeas corpus the filing fee shall be \$5.
- **(b)**The clerk shall collect from the parties such additional fees only as are prescribed by the Judicial Conference of the United States.
- **(c)**Each district court by rule or standing order may require advance payment of fees.” 28 U.S. Code § 1914
- District court; filing and miscellaneous fees; rules of court

28 U.S. Code § 1914 - District court; filing and miscellaneous fees; rules of court

Current through Pub. L. 114-38. (See Public Laws for the current Congress.)

US Code

Notes

HISTORICAL AND REVISION NOTES

Based on title 28, U.S.C., 1940 ed., §§ 549, 553 and 555 (R.S. § 828; June 28, 1902, ch. 1301, § 1, 32 Stat. 476; Feb. 11, 1925, ch. 204, §§ 2, 6, 8, 43 Stat. 857, 858; Jan. 22, 1927, ch. 50, § 2, 44 Stat. 1023; Jan. 31, 1928, ch. 14, § 1, 45 Stat. 54; Mar. 3, 1942, ch. 124, § 2, 56 Stat. 122; Sept. 27, 1944, ch. 414, §§ 1, 4, 5, 58 Stat. 743, 744).

Section consolidates sections 549, 553, and 555 of title 28, U.S.C., 1940 ed., as amended with necessary changes of phraseology.

The phrase "filing fee" was substituted for the inconsistent and misleading words of sections 549 and 553 of title 28, U.S.C., 1940 ed., "as full payment for all services to be rendered by the clerk" etc. thus removing the necessity for including exceptions and referring to other sections containing provisions for additional fees.

The provision in section 549 of title 28, U.S.C., 1940 ed., for payment of fees by the parties instituting criminal proceedings by indictment or information, was omitted. Such proceedings are instituted only by the United States from which costs cannot be exacted.

The provision in section 549 of title 28, U.S.C., 1940 ed., for taxation of fees as costs, was omitted as covered by section 1920 of this title.

32 Stat 419 Ch 1301

- **CHAP. 1301 - An Act Making appropriations for sundry civil expenses of the Government for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, and for other purposes.**
- **Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the following sums be and the same are hereby, appropriated, for the objects hereinafter expressed, for the fiscal year ending June thirtieth, nineteen hundred and three, namely: Approved June 28, 1902 [emphasis added]**

32 Stat. 475, Ch 1301

- **"EXPENSES OF THE UNITED STATES COURTS - For defraying the expenses of the Supreme Court; -of the circuit and district courts of the United States, including the district court in the Territory of Hawaii; of the supreme court and court of appeals of the District of Columbia; of the district court of Alaska; of the courts in the Indian Territory; of the circuit courts of appeals; of the Court of Private Land Claims; of suits and preparations for or in defense of suits in which the United States is interested; of the prosecution of offenses committed against the United States ; and in the enforcement of the laws of the United States, specifically the expenses stated under the following appropriations, namely..."** Approved 28 June 1902 [emphasis added]

32 Stat. 476 Ch 1301

- **For fees of clerks, two hundred and forty thousand dollars : Provided,; and the word "emoluments" shall be understood as including all amounts received in connection with the admission of attorneys to practice in the court, all amounts received for services in naturalization proceedings, whether rendered as clerk, as commissioner, or in any other capacity, and all other amounts received for services in any way connected with the clerk's office: Provided further, That no amount in excess of one dollar shall be received from any attorney in connection with his admission to practice in a circuit or district court. Approved 28 June 1902 [emphasis added]**

Selling Justus

- **“Emolument - Any advantage, profit, or gain received as a result of one's employment or one's holding of office. [Cases: Officers and Public Employees 94. C.J.S. Officers and Public Employees §§ 130, 270–274, 286, 313–320.]”**
Black’s Law Dictionary 8th Edition, page 1586
- The Clerk keeps the excise tax/filing fee/extortion

Act of 1871

- **“And be it further enacted, that every bill shall be read at large on three different days in each house. No act shall embrace more than one subject, and that shall be expressed in its title; but if any subject shall be embraced in an act which shall not be expressed in the title, such act shall be void only to so much thereof as shall not be expressed in the title...” at 16 Stat. 422**

Approved February 21, 1871

No Legislation in Appropriation Bills

- **“...the traditional distinction which Congress has drawn between "legislation" and "appropriation," the rules of both Houses prohibiting "legislation" from being added to an appropriation bill.”** *Andrus v Sierra Club* 442 U.S. 347 (1979)

Judicial Code of 1911 - Repeals

- The oldest Act repealed was 1875
- **"An Act to determine the jurisdiction of circuit courts of the United States and to regulate the removal of causes from State courts, and for other purposes,"** approved March, 3, 1875.

43 Stat. 857, Chap 204

- **"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the fees hereinafter provided for, and no other, shall be charged and collected by clerks of the district courts of the United States for services performed by them or their assistants : Provided, That all laws or parts of laws inconsistent or repugnant to the provisions of the Act of July 20, 1892 (Twenty-seventh United States Statutes at Large, page 252), as amended by the Act of June 25, 1910, (Thirty-sixth United States Statutes at Large, page 866), and the Act of June 27, 1922 (Forty second United States Statutes at Large, page 666)" Approved February 11, 1925 [emphasis added]**

43 Stat. 857, Chap 204

- **“SEC. 2. Upon the institution of any suit or proceeding, whether by original process, removal, indictment, information or otherwise, there shall be paid by the party or parties so instituting such suit or proceeding, as fees of the clerk for all services to be performed by him in such case or proceeding, except as hereinafter provided, the sum of \$5.”** [emphasis added]
- Every Section talks about; “...party or parties...”, which is another word for US citizen

43 Stat. 857, Chap 204

- **“SEC. 3. Upon the filing of any answer or paper joining issue, or the entering of an order for trial, there shall be charged and collected by the clerk, from the party or parties filing any such answer or paper, for services performed and to be performed by said clerk in said case or proceeding, the further sum of \$5: Provided, That after one fee as hereinbefore provided in this section, has been paid by any defendant, cross-petitioner, intervenor, or party, other defendants, cross-petitioners, intervenors, or parties, separately appearing or filing any answer or paper in said suit or proceeding, shall pay a further fee of \$2, for each answer or paper so filed: And provided further, That in any criminal case, upon the entering of a plea of not guilty by any defendant, there shall be charged and taxed in the costs of said case, a fee of \$5 for each defendant entering such plea, but the clerk shall not be required to account for any such fee not collected by him.”** [emphasis added]

43 Stat. 857, Chap 204

- **“SEC. 4. Upon the entry of any judgment, decree, or final order of the court in any suit or proceeding there shall be charged and collected by the clerk, from the prevailing party or parties, as an additional fee for services performed and to be performed in said suit or proceeding, the further sum of \$5: Provided, however, That in any criminal case the clerk shall not be required to account for such fee not collected by him.”**
[emphasis added]

43 Stat. 857, Chap 204

- **“Sec. 5. Upon the filing of any petition for appeal or writ of error to any Circuit Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court of the United States there shall be charged and collected by the clerk, from the party or parties prosecuting such appeal or writ of error, an additional fee in said suit or proceeding of \$5.” [emphasis added]**
- They nickel and dime everything!!!

43 Stat. 857, Chap 204

- **“SEC. 6. Upon the filing of any petition or application for a writ of habeas corpus, or appeal from a deportation order of a United States commissioner, there shall be charged and collected by the clerk, from the petitioner or applicant, as full payment for all services performed or to be performed by him in said proceeding, the sum of \$5: Provided, That if an appeal is prosecuted from the order of the district court in said proceeding, then and in that event the additional sum of \$5, as provided in section 4 of this Act, shall be charged and collected by the clerk.” [emphasis added]**

43 Stat. 857, 858, Chap 204

- **“SEC. 7. For each additional trial or final hearing, upon a reversal by a Circuit Court of Appeals or the Supreme Court of the United States, or following a disagreement by a jury or the granting of a new trial or rehearing by the court, there shall be charged and collected by the clerk, from the party or parties securing such reversal, new trial, or rehearing, or from the plaintiff or plaintiffs in the event of a disagreement, the further sum of \$5: Provided, however, That the clerk shall not be required to account for any such fee not collected by him in any criminal case: Provided further, That nothing herein contained shall prohibit the court from directing by rule or standing order, the collection at the time the services are rendered of the fees herein enumerated, from either party, but all such fees shall be taxed as costs in the respective cases.”** ©Common Law Copyright 2011 [emphasis added]

43 Stat. 858, Chap 204

- **“SEC. 8. That in addition to the fees for services rendered in cases, hereinbefore enumerated, the clerk shall charge and collect, for miscellaneous services performed by him, and his assistants, except when on behalf of the United States, the following fees**
 - **1. For issuing any writ or a subpoena for a witness, not in a case instituted or pending in the court from which it is issued, and filing and entering the return of the marshal thereon, 50 cents.**
 - **2. For filing and indexing any paper, not in a case or proceeding, 25 cents.**
 - **3. For administering an oath or affirmation not in a case or proceeding pending in the court where the oath is administered, 10 cents.”**

43 Stat. 858, Chap 204

- **“4. For an acknowledgment, certificate, affidavit or counter-signature, with seal, 50 cents .**
- **5. For taking and certifying depositions to file, 20 cents for each folio of one hundred words, and if taken stenographically, 15 cents per folio additional, for the stenographer .**
- **6. For a copy of any record, entry, or other paper, and the comparison thereof, 15 cents for each folio of one hundred words .**
- **7. For filing praecipe or requisition and searching the records of the court for judgments, decrees, or other instruments or suits pending or bankruptcy proceedings, including the certifying of the results of such search, 60 cents for the first name and 25 cents for each additional name embraced in the certificate.**

43 Stat. 858, Chap 204

- **“8. For receiving, keeping, and paying out money in pursuance of any statute or order of court, including cash bail or bonds or securities authorized by law to be deposited in lieu of other security 1 per centum of the amount so received, kept and paid out, or of the face value of such bonds or securities.**
- **9. For keeping a record of surety companies and bonds thereof, 15 cents for each folio of one hundred words.**
- **10. For preparation and mailing notices in bankruptcy, 10 cents each for the first twenty notices and 5 cents for each additional notice: Provided, That this fee shall cover and include all services and expenses in connection therewith: And provided further, That such fee shall not be deemed to be included in any other fee for services in bankruptcy proceedings.”**

43 Stat. 858, Chap 204

- **“12. For comparing any transcript, copy of record, or other paper not made by the clerk with the original thereof, 5 cents for each folio of one hundred words.**
- **13. For making a final record in any case at the request of either party or upon order of court in a particular case, 15 cents for each folio of one hundred words: Provided, however That when any such final record is made upon order of court the fees therefor shall be taxed in the costs of the case.”**

43 Stat. 858, Chap 204

- **“14. For admission of attorneys to practice, \$1 each; for certificate of admission to be furnished upon request, \$2 additional.**
- **15. For making any record not in a case and not provided for in this Act, 15 cents for each folio of one hundred words.”**

Party

- **“A person who takes part in a legal transaction or proceeding is said to be a party to it. Thus, if an agreement, conveyance, lease, or the like, is entered into between A. and B., they are said to be parties to it; and the same expression is often, though not very correctly, applied to the persons named as the grantors or releasors in a deed-poll.”** 2 Stewart Rapalje & Robert L. Lawrence, **A Dictionary of American and English Law 930 (1883).**” Black’s Law Dictionary 8th Edition, page 3548

27 Stat. 252, Chap 209

- **"CHAP. 209 .-An act providing when plaintiff may sue as a poor person and when counsel shall be assigned by the court."**
- and it goes on to say;
- **"Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That any citizen of the United States, entitled to commence any suit or action in any court of the United States, may commence and prosecute to conclusion..."**
[emphasis added] Approved July 20, 1892

36 Stat. 866, Chap. 435

- **"An Act To amend section one, chapter two hundred and nine, of the United States Statutes at Large, volume twenty-seven, entitled "An Act providing when plaintiff may sue as a poor person and when counsel shall be assigned by the court, and to provide for the prosecution of writs of error and appeals in forma pauperis, and for other purposes."** [emphasis added]
- and it goes on to say;
- **"...and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows: That any citizen of the United States entitled to commence or defend any suit or action, civil or criminal, in any court of the United States, may, upon the order of the court, commence and prosecute or defend to conclusion any suit..."** Approved June 25, 1910 [emphasis added]

42 Stat. 666, Chap. 246

- **"CHAP. 246.-An Act To amend an Act entitled "An Act to amend section 1, chapter 209, of the United States Statutes at Large, volume 27, entitled 'An Act providing when plaintiff may sue as a poor person and when counsel shall be assigned by the court, and to provide for the prosecution of writs of error and appeals in forma pauperis, and for other purposes," approved June 25, 1910 (Thirty-sixth Statutes, page 866)." [emphasis added]**
- which goes on to say;
- **"...and the same is hereby, amended so as to read as follows: "That any citizen of the United States entitled to commence any suit or action, civil or criminal, in any court of the United States, may, upon the order of the court, commence and prosecute or defend to conclusion any suit or action,..."**
Approved June 27, 1922 [emphasis added]

44 Stat. 1023, Chap 50

- CHAP. 50 - An Act To amend the Act of February 11, 1925, entitled "An Act to provide fees to be charged by clerks of the district courts of the United States." [43 Stat. 857] Approved January 22, 1927

45 Stat. 54, Chap 14

- **Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the writ of error in cases, civil and criminal, is abolished. All relief which heretofore could be obtained by writ of error shall hereafter be obtainable by appeal .**
- **SEC. 2. That in all cases where an appeal may be taken as of right it shall be taken by serving upon the adverse party or his attorney of record, and by filing in the office of the clerk with whom the order appealed from is entered, a written notice to the effect that the appellant appeals from the judgment or order or from a specified part thereof. No petition of appeal or allowance of an appeal shall be required: Provided, however, That the review of judgments of State courts of last resort shall be petitioned for and allowed in the same form as now provided by law for writs of error to such courts. Approved, January 31, 1928. [emphasis added]**

56 Stat. 122, Chap. 124

- **An Act To abolish certain fees charged by clerks of the district courts; and to exempt defendants in condemnation proceedings from the payment of filing fees in certain instances.**
- **Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That section 3 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide fees to be charged by clerks of the district courts of the United States", approved February 11, 1925 (43 Stat. 857, as amended; U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 28, sec. 550), is amended by striking out the period at the end thereof and inserting a colon and the following: "And provided further, That in any proceeding instituted under any law of the United States to acquire property or any interest therein by eminent domain, defendants and other parties adverse to the condemnor shall not be required to pay the fees prescribed by this section."**
- **SEC. 2. Paragraph 8 of section 8 of the Act entitled "An Act to provide fees to be charged by clerks of the district courts of the United States", approved February 11, 1925 (43 Stat. 857; U. S. C., 1934 edition, title 28, sec. 555), is hereby repealed. Approved March 3, 1942.**

58 Stat. 743, 744, Chap 414

- AN ACT To amend an Act entitled "An Act to provide fees to be charged by clerks of the district courts of the United States", approved February 11, 1925 (43 Stat. 857), as amended (28 U. S. C., secs. 548-555).

Extortion Summary

- The first citation is the Revised Statutes – color of law
- The second citation is 32 Stat 476 Ch 1301 which is an Appropriations Bill that is effective ONLY for the District of Columbia and the Territories, and under their own rules they NOT allowed to add legislation to an Appropriations Bill and an Act may ONLY contain what is expressed in the Title of the Act.
- The third citation is 43 Stat. 857, Chap 204 which talks about filing fees, but also references 27 Stat. 252 and 36 Stat. 866, and 42 Stat. 666, which all talk about US citizens and in forma pauperis proceedings

Extortion Summary

- The fourth citation is 44 Stat 1023 which is amending 43 Stat. 857
- The fifth citation is 45 Stat. 54, Chap 14 abolishing Writs of Error
- The sixth citation is 56 Stat. 122, Chap 124 which is amending 43 Stat. 857
- The seventh and final citation is 58 Stat. 743, 744, Chap 414 which is amending 43 Stat. 857

Extortion Summary

- The OLDEST Act talked about was 27 Stat. 252, Approved July 20, 1892
- ONLY US citizens are required to pay filing fees/excise taxes/extortion
- ONLY required in the District of Columbia and the Territories
- ONLY Attorneys are required to pay filing fees
- ONLY Naturalization Proceedings

Satanists in America – Mark Passio

- ❖ former Satanist Priest

- ❖ Natural Law videos

- ❖ Pilars of Satanism

- ❖ Moral Relativism

- ❖ There is no absolute right or wrong - truth is relative

- ❖ We just make up what is right or wrong

- ❖ What is right or wrong is what we decide today, and tomorrow it will be something else

- ❖ 2/3 of people believe in moral relativism

Mark Passio – Natural Law

- Pillars of Satanism – forms of mind control
 - Survival
 - highest law of satanism
 - Social Darwinism
 - Certain classes of society think they are most fit to rule
 - postulates the survival of the most socially ruthless
 - Ultimate responsibility is self preservation
 - Eugenics
 - elite get to determine who lives or dies

Mark Passio – Natural Law

- Pillars of Satanism – forms of mind control
- Order followers
 - Responsible for all of the atrocities in history
 - Just follow orders without thinking about whether it is a lawful order or not
 - Willing slaves
- <https://www.youtube.com/user/WhatOnEarth>
93

Order Followers

- WWII War Crimes Tribunals
 - All of the NAZIs claimed that they were just following orders - Satanists
 - They either suffered death by hanging, or spent the rest of their life in jail
 - Some of them are still hunted to this day
- Vietnam War - Mai Lai massacre
 - Convicted of murder
- Today Order Followers are everywhere

Satanism

- ❖ Things that you see every day using the Satanic philosophy of Moral Relativism are;
 - ❖ False Flag Operations – the end justifies the means
 - ❖ Agent Provocateurs - the end justifies the means
 - ❖ Entrapment – the end justifies the means
 - ❖ All Court cases = kangaroo court (unless it's a common law court) = satanism

PIG

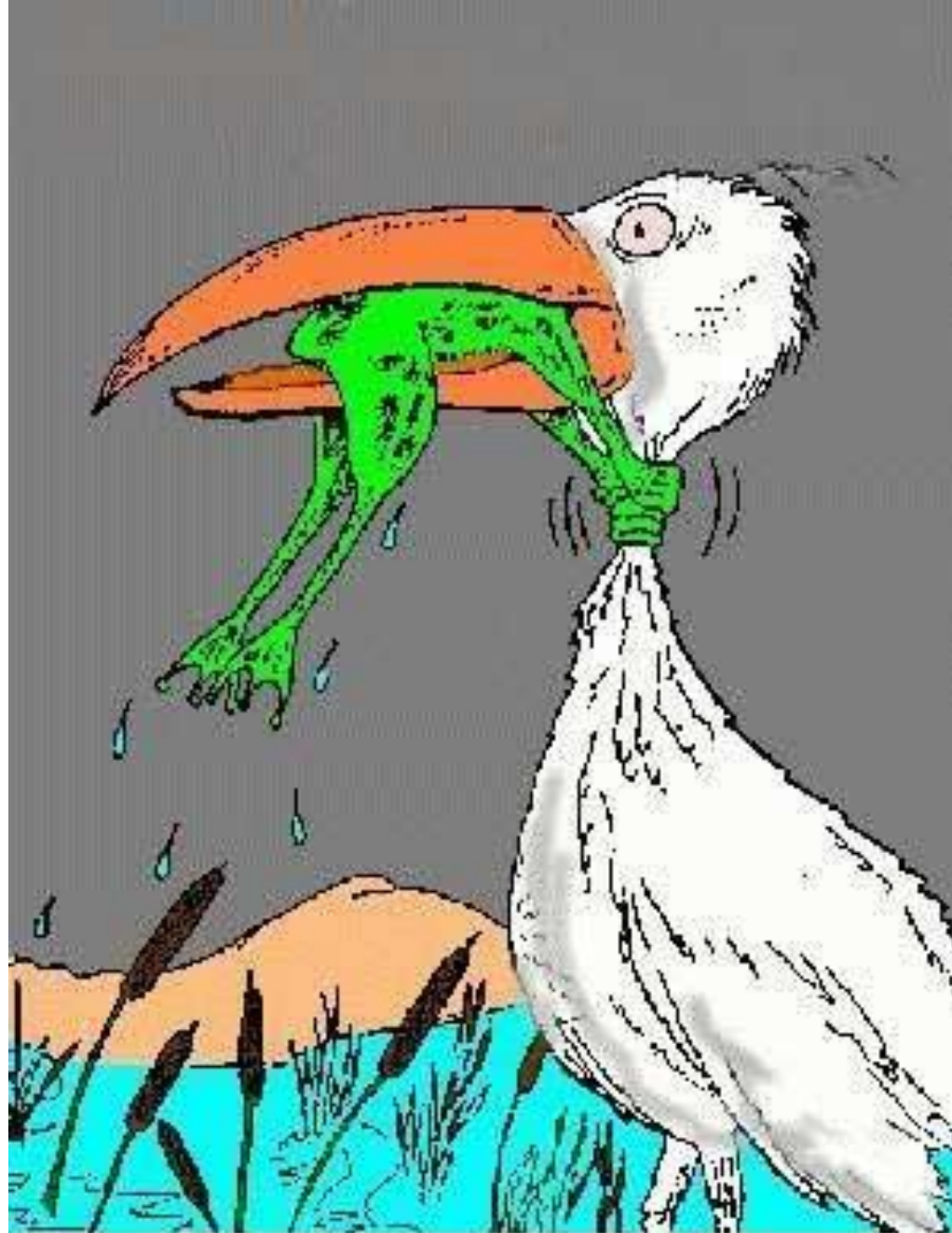
- Acronym – Persons In Government who intend to perjure their oaths
- Could also be called a Wordism, since it is also used as a word.

No Filing Fees Extortion

- File a lawsuit as “a man”
- Not as a petitioner, or plaintiff, or anything else
- Not as a US citizen
- Demand an Article 3 Judge operating in an Article 3 capacity

Conclusion - Purpose

- This video is not intended to scare anyone, or make them feel like all is lost, because it is absolutely NOT
- We need to know what the problem is before we can know what a good solution is



NEVER GIVE UP

Summary

Judgment Day is Coming!

- **“I know thy works, and tribulation, and I know the blasphemy of them which say they are Jews, [or Christians] and are not, but are the synagogue of Satan.”**

Revelations 2:9

Fraud = Lies = Satanism

- **“Ye are of your father the devil, and the lusts of your father ye will do. He was a murderer from the beginning, and abode not in the truth, because there is no truth in him. When he speaketh a lie, he speaketh of his own: for he is a liar, and the father of it.” John 8:44**
- **“But the fearful, and unbelieving, and the abominable, and murderers, and whoremongers, and sorcerers [pharmaceutical drug pushers], and idolaters, and all liars, shall have their part in the lake which burneth with fire and brimstone: which is the second death.” Revelations 21:8**

Satanists

❖ **“By which also he went and preached unto the spirits in prison;” 1 Peter 3:19**

❖ **“And it shall come to pass in that day, that the LORD shall punish the host of the high ones that are on high, and the kings of the earth upon the earth. And they shall be gathered together, as prisoners are gathered in the pit, and shall be shut up in the prison, and after many days shall they be visited.”**

Isaiah 24: 21-22

Conclusion

- **"It behooves every man who values liberty of conscience for himself, to resist invasions of it in the case of others: or their case may, by change of circumstances, become his own"**

Thomas Jefferson

Conclusion

- **"If Ye love wealth better than liberty, the tranquility of servitude, better than the animating contest of freedom, go home from us in peace. We ask not your counsel or arms. Crouch down and lick the hands which feed you. May your chains set lightly upon you, and may our posterity forget that you were ever our countrymen."** Samuel Adams, "the father of the American revolution", member of "The sons of Liberty (the group that did the Boston Tea Party)" Quoted from the debates of 1776

Conclusion

- **"When shall it be said in any country of the world, my poor are happy, neither ignorance or distress is to be found among them; my jails are empty of prisoners, my streets of beggars; the aged are not in want, the taxes not oppressive; the rational world is my friend because I am friend of its happiness. When these things can be said, then may that country boast of its constitution and government ."** - Thomas Paine

The Watchman

- **“But if the watchman see the sword come, and blow not the trumpet, and the people be not warned; if the sword come, and take any person from among them, he is taken away in his iniquity; but his blood will I require at the watchman's hand.”** Ezekiel 33:6
- Either you are part of the problem, or you are part of the solution
- You are now a watchman!
- Circulate this video far and wide!!

Other Videos – over 230

- Bankster Thieves 1, 2, & 3
- Churchianity series
- No Such Thing as a Bank Loan
- BAR Members 1, 2, & 3
- D.I.Y. Kangaroo Courts
- Martial Law is here!
- D.I.Y. Traffic Stop
- D.I.Y. Free Mail
- Azle PIGs 1, 2, 3 & 4
- Texas DPS PIGs

Summary

- **Copies of these documents can be found at My private group at Yahoo called Administrating-Your-Public-Servants**
- **I have Youtube videos that are videos of Private Information Shares that show these and other court citations that are available for a donation**
- **Donations to support this work are appreciated. I prefer gold or silver coin, but as an extremely less desirable alternative I can accept IOUs (Federal Reserve Notes, Paypal gifts, checks, money orders, etc) send me an email for particulars**

Summary

- If you find this useful, then you need to pay it forward
- If you don't know what Pay it Forward means, then watch the movie

Contact Information

- My Blog is;
 - <http://sovereigntyinternational.wordpress.com>
- Website - www.sovereigntyinternational.fyi
- Email - engineerwin@yahoo.com
- Youtube profile - [sovereignliving](#)
- Facebook
 - Community Page – Deleted due to Censorship
 - Private Group – Sovereignty International - being deleted
- Yahoo Private Group – [Administering-Your-Public-Servants](#)
- Google Private Group – [Administering-Your-Public-Servants](#)