



All Courts are United Nations Courts

by **Sovereignty International** (a trust)

C/O 6340 Lake Worth Blvd., #437

Fort Worth, Texas

ZIP CODE EXEMPT

engineerwin@yahoo.com

Administrating-Your-Public-Servants@GoogleGroups.com

Administrating-Your-Public-Servants@YahooGroups.com

www.sovereigntyinternational.fyi

<https://sovereigntyinternational.wordpress.com>

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“All peoples have the right of self-determination. By virtue of that right they freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development.”** Article 1, Clause 1
- **“The States Parties to the present Covenant, including those having responsibility for the administration of Non-Self-Governing and Trust Territories, shall promote the realization of the right of self-determination, and shall respect that right, in conformity with the provisions of the Charter of the United Nations.”** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 1, Clause 3 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“Each State Party to the present Covenant undertakes to respect and to ensure to all individuals within its territory and subject to its jurisdiction the rights recognized in the present Covenant, without distinction of any kind, such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status.”**

International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 2, Clause 1 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- Anytime they are talking about status, it is Roman Law
- An example of Political Status is the status as being a state citizen, rather than being a US citizen
- This is the foundation of all statutes against discrimination – It is all coming from the United Nations

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“Where not already provided for by existing legislative or other measures, each State Party to the present Covenant undertakes to take the necessary steps, in accordance with its constitutional processes and with the provisions of the present Covenant, to adopt such laws or other measures as may be necessary to give effect to the rights recognized in the present Covenant.”**

International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 2, Clause 2 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“Each State Party to the present Covenant undertakes:**
- **(a) To ensure that any person whose rights or freedoms as herein recognized are violated shall have an effective remedy, notwithstanding that the violation has been committed by persons acting in an official capacity;**
- **(b) To ensure that any person claiming such a remedy shall have his right thereto determined by competent judicial, administrative or legislative authorities, or by any other competent authority provided for by the legal system of the State, and to develop the possibilities of judicial remedy;**
- **(c) To ensure that the competent authorities shall enforce such remedies when granted.”** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 2, Clause 3 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“The States Parties to the present Covenant undertake to ensure the equal right of men and women to the enjoyment of all civil and political rights set forth in the present Covenant.”**
International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 3 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- At common law the wife and children are the property of the husband and father
- **“It is however, true that in all common-law countries it has always and consistently been held that the wife and minor children take the nationality of the husband and father. That is common-law doctrine.”** In Re Page 12 F (2d) 135
- The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights eliminates common law

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“1 . In time of public emergency which threatens the life of the nation and the existence of which is officially proclaimed, the States Parties to the present Covenant may take measures derogating from their obligations under the present Covenant to the extent strictly required by the exigencies of the situation, provided that such measures are not inconsistent with their other obligations under international law and do not involve discrimination solely on the ground of race, colour, sex, language, religion or social origin.**
- **2. No derogation from articles 6, 7, 8 (paragraphs 1 and 2), 11, 15, 16 and 18 may be made under this provision.”** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 4 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“Everyone shall have the right to recognition everywhere as a person before the law.”** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 16 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“1. Everyone shall have the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion. This right shall include freedom to have or to adopt a religion or belief of his choice, and freedom, either individually or in community with others and in public or private, to manifest his religion or belief in worship, observance, practice and teaching.**
- **2. No one shall be subject to coercion which would impair his freedom to have or to adopt a religion or belief of his choice.”** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 18, [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“3. Freedom to manifest one's religion or beliefs may be subject only to such limitations as are prescribed by law and are necessary to protect public safety, order, health, or morals or the fundamental rights and freedoms of others.**
- **4. The States Parties to the present Covenant undertake to have respect for the liberty of parents and, when applicable, legal guardians to ensure the religious and moral education of their children in conformity with their own convictions.** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 18 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- No matter how nice they make their United Nations International Covenant, they always insert an escape clause
- With their false flags, and their agent provocateurs, and their bankster thieves, it is easy to create any sort of emergency they want to justify the denial of the privileges they are calling rights

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“1. Everyone shall have the right to hold opinions without interference.**
- **2. Everyone shall have the right to freedom of expression; this right shall include freedom to seek, receive and impart information and ideas of all kinds, regardless of frontiers, either orally, in writing or in print, in the form of art, or through any other media of his choice.”**

International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 19 [emphasis added]

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“3. The exercise of the rights provided for in paragraph 2 of this article carries with it special duties and responsibilities. It may therefore be subject to certain restrictions, but these shall only be such as are provided by law and are necessary:**
 - **(a) For respect of the rights or reputations of others;**
 - **(b) For the protection of national security or of public order (ordre public), or of public health or morals.”** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 19 [emphasis added]

Youtube Channel

Sovereignty International

- ❖ Announcing a subscription based Youtube channel called Sovereignty International
- ❖ The recommended cost of the subscription is currently US\$1.99 because it avoids the advertising ONLY
- ❖ The ONLY power that the N.W.O. satanists have over us is through fraud and deception, and my agenda is to expose it for all our benefit
- ❖ For that reason there will be very little exclusive material on that channel
- ❖ Currently publishing 3 videos a week

United Nations = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“All persons are equal before the law and are entitled without any discrimination to the equal protection of the law. In this respect, the law shall prohibit any discrimination and guarantee to all persons equal and effective protection against discrimination on any ground such as race, colour, sex, language, religion, political or other opinion, national or social origin, property, birth or other status.”**

International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 26 [emphasis added]

Civil Law = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **““Civil Law,” “Roman Law,” and “Roman Civil Law” are convertible phrases, meaning the same system of jurisprudence. That rule of action which every particular nation, commonwealth, or city has established peculiarly for itself; more properly called “municipal” law, to distinguish it from the “law of nature,” and from international law. See Bowyer, Mod. Civil Law, 19; Sevier v. Riley, 189 Cal. 170, 244 P. 323, 325” Black's Law Dictionary, Rev. 4th Ed.**

Conclusion

- All of these Statutes about anything related to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights are a cheap imitation of common law that essentially convert rights into privileges
- **“By this means,Citizens birthrights become of no affect and their rights are reduce to the inferior character of statutory *Civil Rights (mere legislative privileges).*”** The Non-Ratification of the Fourteenth Amendment, in the case (Dyett v. Turner, 439 P2d 266 @ 269, 20 U2d 403 [1968]), Judge AH Ellett of the Utah Supreme Court
- At common law they are absolute rights
- Statutes can and are changed
- Statutes are ignored under certain circumstances

Common Law Rights

- **"History is clear that the first ten amendments to the Constitution were adopted to secure certain common law rights of the people, against invasion by the Federal Government." Bell v. Hood, 71 F.Supp., 813, 816 (1947) U.S.D.C. -- So. Dist. CA. [emphasis added]**

Common Law Rights

- **"Every citizen & freeman is endowed with certain rights & privileges to enjoy which no written law or statute is required. These are the fundamental or natural rights, recognized among all free people."**
U.S. v. Morris, 125 F 322, 325 [emphasis added]
- **"The people or sovereign are not bound by general word in statutes, restrictive of prerogative right, title or interest, unless expressly named. Acts of limitation do not bind the King or the people. The people have been ceded all the rights of the King, the former sovereign,....."** People v Herkimer, 4 Cowen (NY) 345, 348 (1825) [emphasis added]

Common Law Rights

- In any action in their kangaroo courts, you are going to have to bring up the issue of the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and how you are claiming nothing under it
- All of their Courts are Admiralty where the so-called Judge is actually a bought and paid for Clerk and he is playing stupid – If you don't say it, then it is NOT said
- They are Roman Cult BAAL priests and will assault you with their United Nations treaties, if you don't bring up the issue
- You may want to mention Article 15

Civil Law = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- **“1 . No one shall be held guilty of any criminal offence on account of any act or omission which did not constitute a criminal offence, under national or international law, at the time when it was committed.....**
- **2. Nothing in this article shall prejudice the trial and punishment of any person for any act or omission which, at the time when it was committed, was criminal according to the general principles of law recognized by the community of nations.”** International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights Article 15 [emphasis added]

Civil Law = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- The International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights is nothing more than a make work project for Satanists
 - Satanist Order Followers (LEOs) go out and assault you, kidnap you, falsely imprison you
 - Satanist BAAL priest Clerks masquerading as Judges get to deal with it in their kangaroo courts
 - Satanist Order Followers in the prisons get to generate revenue with their commercial prisons
 - Satanist BAAL priests get to break up families with their Divorce Courts

Civil Law = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- Satanist Child Protective Children (CPS) gets to steal the children of their victims who now in their commercial prisons
- Satanist BAAL priest Clerks masquerading as Judges get to deal with juvenile delinquents that are created by CPS
- Satanist BAAL priest Clerks masquerading as Judges get to deal with the juvenile delinquents that become adult life-time criminals
- The whole satanic system forces people into their government welfare system

Civil Law = Roman Law = Roman Cult

- The ONLY reason you would EVER mention the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights is to say that in the District of Columbia and the territories, it is THEIR requirement, and NOT yours

District of Columbia

- **“To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever, over such district (not exceeding ten miles square) as may by cession of particular States, and the acceptance of Congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the State in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dock-yards, and other needful buildings.”** Constitution for the United States of America, Article I, Section 8, Clause 17

D.C. Roman Cult Satanists

- **“Chap. 854. – An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia.”** which was Approved on March 3, 1901, by the Fifty-Sixth Congress, Session II, at 31 Stat. 1189, and at Chapter Fifty-Six in Sec. 1617, at 31 Stat. 1432, where it says; **“The Legal Estate to be in Cestui Que Use”**
- In the 1800’s a “Trust” was called a “use” which is short for usufruct under Roman Civil Law

US citizen = cestui que trust

- “Yet still it was found difficult to set bounds to ecclesiastical ingenuity; for when they were driven out of all their former holds, they devised a new method of conveyance, by which the lands were granted, not to themselves directly, but to nominal feoffees *to the use* of the religious houses; thus distinguishing between the *possession* and the *use*, and receiving the actual profits, while the seisin of the lands remained in the nominal feoffee, who was held by the courts of equity (then under the direction of the clergy) to be bound in conscience to account to his *cestui que use* for the rents and emoluments of the estate: and it is to these inventions that our practitioners are indebted for the introduction of uses and trusts, the foundation of modern conveyancing.”

Tomlins Law Dictionary 1835 edition, Volume 2 under the definition of Mortmain

US citizen = cestui que trust

- In 1835 the cestui que trust was “the foundation of modern conveyancing”
- The cestui que trust is a creation of the Roman Cult
- In 1835 the courts of equity were run by the Roman Cult
- The Roman Cult wanted to make sure they get their rent and emoluments (extortion - taxes) for their owned and operated cestui que trust
- When Congress passes **“An Act to establish a code of law for the District of Columbia.”** on March 3, 1901, at 31 Stat. 1189, and it says; **“The Legal Estate to be in Cestui Que Use”** they are essentially saying that the Roman Cult owns the UNITED STATES

US citizen = cestui que trust

- **"... (E)very taxpayer is a cestui qui trust having sufficient interest in the preventing abuse of the trust to be recognized in the field of this court's prerogative jurisdiction . ." In Re Bolens (1912), 135 N.W. 164.**
- **"A "*citizen of the United States*" is a civilly dead entity operating as a co-trustee and co-beneficiary of the *PCT (Public Charitable Trust)*, the constructive, *cestui que trust* of US Inc. under the 14th Amendment, which upholds the debt of the USA and US Inc." Congressional Record, June 13 1967, pp. 15641-15646**

US citizen = cestui que trust

❖ **"...it might be correctly said that there is no such thing as a citizen of the United States. A citizen of any one of the States of the Union, is held to be, and called a citizen of the United States, although technically and abstractly there is no such thing."** Ex Parte Frank Knowles, 5 Cal. Rep. 300,

US citizen has no rights

- ❖ **"...the privileges and immunities of citizens of the United States do not necessarily include all the rights protected by the first eight amendments to the Federal constitution against the powers of the Federal government." Maxwell v Dow, 20 S.C.R. 448, at pg 455;**
- ❖ **"The only absolute and unqualified right of a United States citizen is to residence within the territorial boundaries of the United States," US vs. Valentine 288 F. Supp. 957**

Citizen - Subject

- ❖ **“Citizenship is a political status, and may be defined and privilege limited by Congress.”** Ex Parte (NG) Fung Sing, Federal Reporter, 2nd Series, Vol. 6, Page 670 (1925)
- ❖ **"The term resident and citizen of the United States is distinguished from a Citizen of one of the several states, in that the former is a special class of citizen created by Congress."** U.S. v. Anthony 24 Fed. 829 (1873)

Satanists and their Satanic Contracts

- **"It is impossible to prove jurisdiction exists absent a substantial nexus with the state, such as voluntary subscription to license. All jurisdictional facts supporting claim that supposed jurisdiction exists must appear on the record of the court."** Pipe Line v Marathon. 102 S. Ct. 3858 quoting Crowell v Benson 883 US 22

US citizen = cestui que trust

- **“Whoever falsely and willfully represents himself to be a citizen of the United States shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than three years, or both.”**
18 USC § 911
- **“(2) the term “individual” means a citizen of the United States or an alien lawfully admitted for permanent residence;”** 5 USC § 552a.(a)(2)
- **“(13) the term “Federal personnel” means officers and employees of the Government of the United States, members of the uniformed services (including members of the Reserve Components), individuals entitled to receive immediate or deferred retirement benefits under any retirement program of the Government of the United States (including survivor benefits).”** 5 USC § 552a.(a)(13) [emphasis added]

What is a US Citizen?

- “[T]he term “citizen,” in the United States, is analogous to the term “subject” in the common law.” State vs Manual 20 NC 122, 14 C.J.S. 4, p 430

Include

- *“Include’ or the participial form thereof, is defined ‘to comprise within’; ‘to hold’; ‘to contain’; ‘enclosed’; ‘comprised’; ‘comprehend’; ‘embrace’; ‘involve’.”* Montello Salt v. Utah 221 US 455
- **“Include 1. To confine within; to hold; to contain; as, the shell of a nut includes the kernel; a pearl is included in a shell. [But in these senses we more commonly use inclose.] 2. To comprise; to comprehend; to contain.”** American Dictionary of The English Language, Noah Webster, 1828
- **“Include. (Lat. Includere, to shut in, keep within.) To confine within, hold as in an inclosure, take in, attain, shut up, contain, inclose, comprise, comprehend, embrace, involve. Premier Products Co. v. Cameron, 240 Or. 123, 400 P.2d 227, 228.”** Black’s Law Dictionary 6th Edition, page 763

Maxim of Law

“EJUSDEM GENERIS. Of the same kind, class, or nature. In the construction of laws, wills, and other instruments, the "ejusdem generis rule" is, that where general words follow an enumeration of persons or things, by words of a particular and specific meaning, such general words are not to be construed in their widest extent, but are to be held as applying only to persons or things of the same general kind or class as those specifically mentioned. Black, Interp. of Laws, 141; Goldsmith v. U. S., C.C.A.N.Y., 42 F.2d 133, 137; Aleksich v. Industrial Accident Fund, 116 Mont. 69, 151 P.2d 1016, 1021.” Black’s Law Dictionary 4th Edition, Page 608

Example: if a law refers to automobiles, trucks, tractors, motorcycles and other motor-powered vehicles, "vehicles" would not include airplanes, since the list was of land-based transportation.

Maxim of Law

“EJUSDEM GENERIS [Latin “of the same kind or class”] A canon of construction that when a general word or phrase follows a list of specifics, the general word or phrase will be interpreted to include only items of the same type as those listed. • For example, in the phrase horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, goats, or any other farm animal, the general language “or any other farm animal” — despite its seeming breadth — would probably be held to include only four-legged, hoofed mammals typically found on farms, and thus would exclude chickens. — Cf. EXPRESSIO UNIUS EST EXCLUSIO ALTERIUS; NOSCITUR A SOCIIS; RULE OF RANK.” Black’s Law Dictionary 8th Edition page 1568

It is all for US citizens

- a US citizen is NOT entitled to an Article 3 Court, but instead gets an Article 1 Court with a plenary (military dictatorship) jurisdiction and Art. 1, Section 8, Clause 17 Constitution for the United States of America as defined and reinstated in *National Mutual Insurance Company of the District of Columbia v. Tidewater Transfer Company*, 337 U.S. 582, 93 L.Ed. 1556 (1948): which further states that **citizens of the District of Columbia are not embraced by the judicial power under Article III** of the Constitution for the United States of America, the same statement is held in *Hepburn v. Dundas v. Elizay*, 2 Cranch (U.S.) 445, 2 L.Ed. 332.; In 1804, the Supreme Court, through Chief Justice Marshall, held that a citizen of the District of Columbia was not a citizen of a state;

It is all for US citizens

- **"We therefore decline to overrule the opinion of Chief Justice Marshall: We hold that the District of Columbia is not a state within Article 3 of the Constitution. In other words cases between citizens of the District and those of the states were not included of the catalogue of controversies over which the Congress could give jurisdiction to the federal courts by virtue of Article 3. In other words Congress has exclusive legislative jurisdiction over citizens of Washington District of Columbia and through their plenary power nationally covers those citizens even when in one of the several states as though the district expands for the purpose of regulating its citizens wherever they go throughout the states in union" National Mutual Insurance Company of the District of Columbia v. Tidewater Transfer Company, 337 U.S. 582, 93 L.Ed. 1556 (1948)**

It is all for US citizens

- **"If any citizen or resident of the United States does not reside in (and is not found in) any United States Judicial District, such citizen or resident shall be treated as residing in The District of Columbia for purposes of any provisions of this Title to “ (A) jurisdiction of courts, or (B) enforcement of summons.” 26 USC § 7701(39) see also 26 USC § 7408(C)**

District of Columbia Satanists

- **"AN ACT To enact the Uniform Commercial Code for the District of Columbia, and for other purposes." 77 Stat 630 Public Law 88-243**
- **"(h) The United States is located in the District of Columbia." Uniform Commercial Code Sec. 9.307. LOCATION OF DEBTOR.**

CITATION

Cause No. 067-263565-13

GLENN WINNINGHAM
VS.
C. PAGE, I.D. NO. 3877, ET AL

TO: BARRY L BOBBITT

FILED
TARRANT COUNTY
2013 JAN 25 PM 3:18
THOMAS A. WILDER
DISTRICT CLERK

You said DEFENDANT are hereby commanded to appear by filing a written answer to the PETITION at or before 10 o'clock A.M. of the Monday next after the expiration of 20 days after the date of service hereof before the 6th District Court, 401 W BELKNAP, in and for Tarrant County, Texas, at the Courthouse in the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant County, Texas said PLAINTIFF being

GLENN WINNINGHAM

Filed in said Court on January 10th, 2013 Against C PAGE ID NO 3877, JEFFREY HALSTEAD, CITY OF FORT WORTH, SARAH FULLERWIDER, NINA L NARES, JAMES D ROGERS, JOE SHANNON, JR, CHRIS PONGER, THOMAS A WILDER, TOM LOWE, TERRIE LIVINGSTON, DEBRA STYSAK, BARRY L BOBBITT, SULLO & BOBBITT, WILLIAM R FOR SUIT, said suit being numbered 067-263565-13 the nature of which demands is as shown on said PETITION a copy of which accompanies this citation.

PRO SE

Attorney for GLENN WINNINGHAM Phone No. (882)777-8048
Address C/O 6340 LAKE WORTH BLVD #437 FORT WORTH, TX

Thomas A. Wilder, Clerk of the District Court of Tarrant County, Texas. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in the City of Fort Worth, this the 18th day of January, 2013.

By Tara Raby Deputy
TARA RABY

NOTICE: You have been sued. You may employ an attorney. If you or your attorney do not file a written answer with the clerk who issued this citation by 10:00 AM. on the Monday next following the expiration of twenty days after you were served this citation and petition, a default judgment may be taken against you.

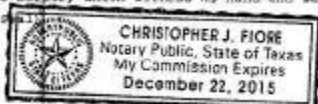
Thomas A. Wilder, Tarrant County District Clerk, 401 W BELKNAP, FORT WORTH TX 76196-0402

OFFICER'S RETURN

Received this Citation on the 22nd day of JAN, 2013 at 10 o'clock P and executed at 6600 N Central Expressway, Dallas within the county of Dallas, State of TEXAS at 12:30 o'clock P on the 25 day of JANUARY, 2013 by delivering to the within named (Def.) BARRY L BOBBITT accepted by JASANN ODOM BY HAND defendant(s), a true copy of this citation together with the accompanying copy of PETITION in person, having first endorsed on same the date of delivery.

Authorized Person Bobby R. Blough SCA. 215 (EXD 7-31-14)
County of Tarrant State of TEXAS By _____ Deputy

Page 5
State of TARRANT County of TARRANT (Must be verified if served outside the State of Texas)
Signed and sworn to by the said BARRY L BOBBITT before me this 25th day of JAN, 2013
to certify which witness my hand and seal of office



County of Dallas, State of TX

THE STATE OF TEXAS
DISTRICT COURT, TARRANT COUNTY

ORIGINAL

CITATION

Cause No. 067-263565-13

GLENN WINNINGHAM
VS.
C. PAGE, I.D. NO. 3877, ET AL

TO: BARRY L BOBBITT

FILED
TARRANT COUNTY
2013 JAN 25 PM 3:18
THOMAS A. WILDER
DISTRICT CLERK

You said DEFENDANT are hereby commanded to appear by filing a written answer to the PETITION at or before 10 o'clock A.M. of the Monday next after the expiration of 20 days after the date of service hereof before the 67th District Court, 401 W BELSHAM, in and for Tarrant County, Texas, at the Courthouse in the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant County, Texas said PLAINTIFF being

GLENN WINNINGHAM

Filed in said Court on January 10th, 2013 Against C PAGE ID NO 3877, JEFFREY HALSTEAD, CITY OF FORT WORTH, SARAH PULLENWIDER, NINA L MARES, JAMES D ROGERS, JOE SHANNON, JR, CHRIS PONDER, THOMAS A WILDER, TOM LOWE, TERRIE LIVINGSTON, DEBRA SPISAK, BARRY L BOBBITT, SULLO & BOBBITT, WILLIAM R For suit, said suit being numbered 067-263565-13 the nature of which demands is as shown on said PETITION a copy of which accompanies this citation.

PRO SE

Attorney for GLENN WINNINGHAM Phone No. (682)777-8048
Address C/O 6340 LAKE WORTH BLVD #437 FORT WORTH, TX

Thomas A. Wilder, Clerk of the District Court of Tarrant County, Texas. Given under my hand and the seal of said Court, at office in the City of Fort Worth, this the 18th day of January, 2013.

By Tara Raby Deputy
TARA RABY

NOTICE: You have been sued. You may employ an attorney. If you or your attorney do not file a written answer with the clerk who issued this citation by 10:00 AM on the Monday next following the expiration of twenty days after you were

CITY OF FORT WORTH, TEXAS



KT085934

TRAFFIC CITATION 2012-01

MONTH	DAY	YEAR	AT	HOURS
12	7	2012		1425

DRIVERS LICENSE NUMBER	CLASS	CDL <input type="checkbox"/> YES	STATE				
			TX	KT085934			

LAST NAME	FEARV						
-----------	-------	--	--	--	--	--	--

FIRST NAME	CLEMM					INT.	IN
------------	-------	--	--	--	--	------	----

D.O.B.	MO	DAY	YEAR	SEX	HEIGHT	WEIGHT	COLOR OF EYES	COLOR OF HAIR	RACE	DM <input type="checkbox"/>	ETHNICITY
7-9-57	7	9	57	M	5'6"		BROWN	BROWN	HAZ	<input type="checkbox"/>	

IDENTIFIED AS FOLLOWS: BY TOL? Y N BY DEPT? Y N BY LD? Y N

ADDRESS 6340 LANE WITH DRIVE 37

CITY FW STATE TX DP 76139

INFORMATION INSERT

The following information is provided and designed to assist you with court proceedings. It is not intended for the use or purpose of providing legal advice. Additional information about your ticket and court proceedings may be obtained on the court web site www.fortworthtexas.gov or by calling 817-392-6700 8:00am to 5:00pm M-F.

Please wait three business days before appearing or contacting the court. Municipal Court is located at the 3741 S.W. Loop 820, Fort Worth, TX 76133 and A.D. Marshall Public Safety & Courts Building, 1000 Throckmorton, Fort Worth, TX 76102 on the corner of 10th and Throckmorton St. downtown Fort Worth.

COURT APPEARANCES - The law requires you to appear in court on your case. You or your attorney may appear in person in open court, by mail, or you may deliver your plea in person to the court within eleven (11) days from the date of the ticket. Your plea options are based on the back of your ticket. Your first appearance is to determine your plea. If you waive a jury trial and plead guilty or not conteste (no contest) you may talk to the judge about sentencing circumstances that you want the judge to consider when setting your fine, but the judge is not required to reduce your fine. If you plead not guilty, the court will schedule a jury trial unless you waive that right. If you do, the trial will be before a judge. When you make your appearance by mail the court must receive your plea before your scheduled appearance date. If you plead guilty or no contest you must include a waiver of jury trial. If you plead not guilty, the court will notify you of the date of your trial. *Juveniles have a separate set of rules for their appearances; please read the specific information about juveniles below.*

TIME PAYMENT PLANS - In order to comply with state requirements any person requesting time to pay on a citation **MUST COME IN PERSON TO THE COURT.** Specific requirements and the application form can be obtained on the court website www.fortworthtexas.gov or by calling 817-392-6766.

*THE COURT IS OBLIGATED TO DEDUCT A FEE OF \$25 FROM A PERSON ON EACH VIOLATION WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED AND PAYS ANY PART OF THE FINE, COURT COSTS OR RESTITUTION AFTER THE 31ST DAY AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE JUDGMENT IS ENTERED.

FAILURE TO APPEAR - If you fail to appear or mail in your plea you may be charged with the offense of failure to appear or violation of written promise to appear which carries additional penalties. In addition, a warrant for your arrest may be issued and you may not be permitted to register your vehicle in this state. A person who fails to appear in court for a complaint, or citation, or fails to comply with a court order to pay a fine involving a violation of a traffic law may be denied renewal of his/her driver's license. A Collection fee of 20% may be added to cases over 60 days delinquent.

FINE INFORMATION - The amount of the fine the court may assess is determined only by the facts and extenuating circumstances of the case. Extenuating circumstances may lower the fine, even if you are guilty. On the other hand, aggravating circumstances may increase the fine. The maximum fine for most municipal court traffic violations is \$200, for municipal code violation \$500, for certain city ordinance violations \$2,000 and for other city ordinance violations \$500. For fine information you can go to our website at www.fortworthtexas.gov or by calling 817-392-6700. You may call to contact the court 8:00am to 5:30pm M-F.

COURT COSTS - In addition to a fine, court costs mandated by state law will be charged. The costs are different depending on the offense and on the date the ticket was issued. You need to check with the court online or by phone for the amount that will be assessed on the violation for which you are charged. If you request a jury trial, an additional \$0 jury fee is assessed. If a warrant was served or processed by a peace officer, an additional \$50 fee is also due. A Collection fee may be added to cases over 60 days delinquent.

JUVENILES (persons 15 years of age or younger): All juvenile cases must be set for court, and this is your only option at this time. Other options, such as teen court, may be available to you once you have appeared in court on your scheduled court date. You must appear in court with a parent, legal guardian or proof of marriage at your court date and time.

Pursuant to Texas law, Article 45.057(b), Code of Criminal Procedure, you are being provided written notice of the following:

1. A child and parent required to appear before the Court have an obligation to provide the Court in writing with the current address and residence of the child.
2. The obligation does not end when the child reaches age 17.
3. On or before the seventh day after the date the child or parent changes residence (any place where the child lives or resides for a period of at least 30 days), the child or parent shall notify the Court of the current address in the manner directed by the Court.
4. Failure to provide notice is a Class C misdemeanor and may result in arrest.
5. The obligation to provide notice terminates on discharge and satisfaction of the judgment or final disposition not requiring a finding of guilt.

CHANGES IN ADDRESS: Changes in the Defendant's address shall be provided in writing to the Court in person or by first class mail, return receipt requested to the address listed below.

TEEN COURT - If you are currently enrolled in high school, you may request that this charge be dismissed by performing community service and jury duty through Teen Court. For information, call 817-392-6700 8:00am to 5:00pm M-F.

DEFERRED DISPOSITION - You may request deferred disposition (probation) by mailing in your request or by appearing in Municipal Court. If eligible, an offer for probation may be extended to you and may require you to pay court costs. Fees and comply with other terms as ordered by the court. Successful completion of deferred disposition results in the dismissal of the ticket. For information you can go to our website at www.fortworthtexas.gov or by calling 817-392-6700 8:00am to 5:00pm M-F.

DRIVING SAFETY COURSE/MOTORCYCLE SAFETY COURSE: You may have the option to request that your case be dismissed if it is a moving violation by taking a Driving Safety Course (DSC), or Motorcycle Safety Course (MOTC). However, you will lose that right if you do not provide written notice to the court within eleven (11) days from the date of this citation of your desire to do so. For information, call (817) 392-6700. Your request should include the following items:

1. photocopy of your current auto liability policy
2. photocopy of your valid Texas Driver's License
3. DSC or MOTC fee payment and court costs.

You are not eligible to take DSC/MOTC if you are the holder of a CDL, have taken the course to dismiss a ticket within a year from the date of this citation; or you are charged with speeding 25 miles or more over the posted speed limit, passing a school bus, committing a serious traffic violation, failed to stop and give information or rendering aid after an accident, or committing an offense in a construction zone when a worker was present.

SPECIAL ACCOMMODATIONS - For Wheelchair accessible courtroom, any special accommodations or sign interpretive services, please call Municipal Court at 817-392-6700, 8:00am to 5:00pm M-F. Sign interpretive service must be requested 48 hours in advance.

INFORMATION INSERT

The following information is provided and designed to assist you with court proceedings. It is not intended for the use or purpose of providing legal advice. Additional information about your ticket and court proceedings may be obtained on the court web site www.forthworthtexas.gov or by calling 817-382-6700 8:00am to 5:00pm M-F.

Please wait three business days before appearing or contacting the court. Municipal Court is located at the 3741 S.W. Loop 820, Fort Worth, TX 76133 and A.D. Marshall Public Safety & Courts Building, 1000 Throckmorton, Fort Worth, TX 76102 on the corner of 10th and Throckmorton St. downtown Fort Worth.

COURT APPEARANCES - The law requires you to appear in court on your case. You or your attorney may appear in person in open court, by mail, or you may deliver your plea in person to the court within eleven (11) days from the date of the ticket. Your plea options are listed on the back of your ticket. Your first appearance is to determine your plea. If you waive a jury trial and plead guilty or no contest (no contest) you may talk to the judge about extenuating circumstances that you want the judge to consider when setting your fine, but the judge is not required to reduce your fine. If you plead not guilty, the court will schedule a jury trial unless you waive that right. If you do, the trial will be before a judge. When you make your appearance by mail the court must receive your plea before your scheduled appearance date. If you plead guilty or no contest you must include a waiver of jury trial. If you plead not guilty, the court will notify you of the date of your trial. *Juveniles have a separate set of rules for their appearances; please read the specific information about juveniles below.*

TIME PAYMENT PLANS - In order to comply with state requirements any person requesting time to pay on a citation **MUST COME IN PERSON TO THE COURT.** Specific requirements and the application form can be obtained on the court website www.forthworthtexas.gov or by calling 817-382-6700.

*THE COURT IS REQUIRED TO COLLECT A FEE OF \$25 FROM A PERSON, ON EACH VIOLATION, WHO HAS BEEN CONVICTED AND PAYS ANY PART OF THE FINE, COURT COSTS OR RESTITUTION AFTER THE 31ST DAY AFTER THE DATE ON WHICH THE JUDGMENT IS ENTERED.

FAILURE TO APPEAR - If you fail to appear or mail in your plea you may be charged with the offense of failure to appear or violation of written promise to appear which carries additional penalties. In addition, a warrant for your arrest may be issued and you may not be permitted to register your vehicle in this state. A person who fails to appear in court for a complaint, or citation, or fails to comply with a court order to pay a fine involving a violation of a traffic law may be denied renewal of his/her driver's license. A Collection fee of 20% may be added to cases over 60 days delinquent.

FINE INFORMATION - The amount of the fine the court may assess is determined only by the facts and extenuating circumstances of the case. Extenuating circumstances may lower the fine, even if you are guilty. On the other hand,

Informations = Admiralty

- **“Informations are filed in the court of exchequer for forfeiture, upon seizure of property, for breach of laws of revenue, impost, navigation, and trade.”** (Admiralty, Commerce)
Kent's Commentaries, Lecture XVII

Information = Admiralty

- An information is a written accusation of a crime, made by a U.S. Attorney, which permits the government to prosecute an individual without benefit of a grand jury indictment. An indictment is required in any case where a person is being charged with an "infamous crime." The Supreme Court ruled in *Makin v. United States*, 117 U.S. 348 that any crime for which the punishment is imprisonment is an "infamous crime." In short, prosecutions by Information have long been a means of political suppression and intimidation.

Information = Admiralty

- **"The use of (information) has a long history, For example, in the reign of Henry VII", ..a very oppressive use was made of them for something more than a century, so as to continually harass and shamefully enrich the crown."
Blackstone, 4 BL. Comm 310.**

Information = Admiralty

- **"The oppressive use of this mode of prosecution by Information occasioned struggles to procure a declaration of its illegality."**
People v. Sponsler, 46 N.W. 450,

Representation = Admiralty

- The right to be represented exists ONLY in a military court room. 10 USC § 838(a)(1)
- **“(1)The accused has the right to be represented in his defense before a general or special court-martial or at an investigation under section 832 of this title (article 32) as provided in this subsection.”**

BAR Members = BAAL Priests

- **“He is however in a sense an officer of the state with an obligation to the Court...” 7 Corpus Juris Secundum § 4 Attorneys**

BAR Members = BAAL Priests

- **“His first duty is to the courts and to the public, not to the client, and whenever his duties to his client conflict with those as an officer of the court, in the administration of justice, the former must yield to the latter.” 7 Corpus Juris Secundum § 4 Attorneys**

BAR Members = BAAL Priests

- **“Clients are also called
“wards of the court”...”**

7 Corpus Juris Secundum

§ 4 Attorneys

BAR Members = BAAL Priests

- **“Wards of court. Infants and persons of unsound mind. Davis' Committee v. Loney, 290 Ky. 644, 162 S.W.2d 189, 190. Their rights must be guarded jealously. Montgomery v. Erie R. Co., C.C.A.N.J., 97 F.2d 289, 292.” Blacks Law Dictionary, 4th Edition, page 1755**

BAR Members = BAAL Priests

- A ward of the court is an imbecile.
- A ward of the court is not competent
 - Everything is about competence and incompetence!
 - That is why they are “representing” you, because you are not competent to make decisions for yourself. Therefore the attorney is going to make the decisions for you.
 - There is no such thing as an incompetent sovereign.
 - Do you know who you are?

BAR Members = BAAL Priests

- **“IN PROPRIA PERSONA. In one's own proper person. It is a rule in pleading that pleas to the jurisdiction of the court must be plead *in propria persona*, because if pleaded by attorney they admit the jurisdiction, as an attorney is an officer of the court, and he is presumed to plead after having obtained leave, which admits the jurisdiction. Lawes, Pl. 91.” Black’s Law Dictionary, 4th Edition, page 899-900**
- See the BAR Members videos 1, 2, & 3

Perpetual Commercial Warfare

- **“We can't even begin to count the number of times Judges, Lawyers, and Statesmen have said: "There isn't any common law anymore. It has been replaced by Statutes." They would be more truthful if they said: "There isn't any common-law any more, it has been replaced by martial law." Dyett v Turner 439 P2d 266 @ 269, 20 U2d 403 [1968] The Non-Ratification of the Fourteenth Amendment by Judge A.H. Ellett, Utah Supreme Court**

Equity = Chancery = Roman Cult

“In the meantime, "Civil Law" was the form of law imposed in the Roman Empire which was largely (if not wholly) governed by martial law rule. "Equity" has always been understood to follow the law; to have "superior equity," is to turn things on their head. This is exactly what happens when martial law is imposed. If "equity" is the law, then it follows its own course rather than following the common law, thereby destroying the common law and leaving what is called "equity" in its place.”

Dyett v Turner 439 P2d 266 @ 269, 20 U2d 403 [1968] The Non-Ratification of the Fourteenth Amendment by Judge A.H. Ellett, Utah Supreme Court, [emphasis added]

Judicial Code of 1911 at 36 Stat. 1087

- **"CHAP. 231. - An Act To codify, revise, and amend the laws relating to the judiciary.**
- **Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the laws relating to the Judiciary be, and they hereby are, codified, revised, and amended, with title, chapters, head-notes, and sections, entitled, numbered, and to read as follows:"**
- **"SEC. 9. The district courts, as courts of admiralty and as courts of equity, shall be deemed always open for the purpose of filing any pleading, of issuing..."** [emphasis added] Sec. 9 at 36 Stat. 1088

Judicial Code of 1911 at 36 Stat. 1087

- **"CHAPTER Two. - DISTRICT COURTS - JURISDICTION. SEC. 24 . The district courts shall have original jurisdiction as follows: First. Of all suits of a civil nature, at common law or in equity, brought by the United States, ...and (a) arises under the Constitution or laws of the United States, or treaties... under their authority, or (b) is between Citizens of different States, or (c) is between citizens of a State and foreign States citizens, or subjects. No district court shall have cognizance of any suit (except upon bills of exchange) to recover upon any promissory note or other chase in action in favor of any assignee, ...**
- **Third. Of all civil causes of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction, saving to suitors in all cases the right of a common-law remedy where the common law is competent to give it; of all seizures on land or waters not within admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; of all prizes brought into the United States; and of all proceedings for the condemnation of property taken as prize." [emphasis added] 36 Stat. 1091**

State Statutes are actually Federal Statutes

- **“INTERNATIONAL LAW RULE: Adopted for areas under Federal legislative jurisdiction”**
“Federalizes State civil law, including common law.--The rule serves to federalize not only the statutory but the common law of a State. Kniffen v. Hercules Powder Co., 164 Kan. 196, 188 P.2d 980 (1948); Kaufman v. Hopper, 220 N.Y. 184. 115 N.E. 470 (1917), see also 151 App. Div. 28, 135 N.Y.Supp. 363 (1912), aff'd., 163 App. Div. 863, 146 N. Y. Supp. 1096 (1914); Norfolk & P.B.L.R. v. Parker,...” Jurisdiction over Federal Areas Within the States – Report of the Interdepartmental Committee for the Study of Jurisdiction over Federal Areas Within the States, Part II, A Text of the Law of Legislative Jurisdiction Submitted to the Attorney General and Transmitted to the President June 1957, page 158

State Statutes are actually Federal Statutes

- **STATE AND FEDERAL VENUE DISCUSSED: The civil laws effective in an area of exclusive Federal jurisdiction are Federal law, notwithstanding their derivation from State laws, and a cause arising under such laws may be brought in or removed to a Federal district court under sections 24 or 28 of the former Judicial Code (now sections 1331 and 1441 of title 28, United States Code), giving jurisdiction to such courts of civil actions arising under the "*** * * laws * * *** of the United States" where the matter in controversy exceeds the sum or value of \$3,000, exclusive of interest and costs."**
- Jurisdiction over Federal Areas Within the States – Report of the Interdepartmental Committee for the Study of Jurisdiction over Federal Areas Within the States, Part II, A Text of the Law of Legislative Jurisdiction Submitted to the Attorney General and Transmitted to the President June 1957, page 165 [emphasis added]

Alberico Gentili

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

Alberico Gentili (January 14, 1552 – June 19, 1608) was an Italian lawyer, jurist, and a former standing advocate to the Spanish Embassy in London, who served as the Regius professor of civil law at the University of Oxford for 21 years.^[note 1] Recognised as the founder of the science of international law,^[note 2] Gentili is perhaps one of the most influential people in legal education ever to have lived.^[note 3] He is one of the four men referred to as the "Father of international law".^[note 4] Gentili has been the earliest writer on public international law^[note 5] and the first person to split secularism from canon law and Roman Catholic theology.^[note 6] In 1587, he became the first non-English Regius Professor.^[note 7]

He wrote several books, which are recognized to be one of the most essentials international legal doctrines, that include also theological and literary subjects.^[note 8] Legal scholars say that Gentili was the first who attempted to provide the world anything like a regular system of natural jurisprudence, and his treatise, *On the Laws of War and Peace*, with all its discolorations, is conceivably at the current day the most complete work on the subject.^[note 9]

It was occasioned by a case on which Gentili's counsel was sought. In 1584 Gentili and Jean Hotman, Marquis de Villers-St-Paul were asked by the government to advise on the treatment of Spanish ambassador Bernardino de Mendoza, who had been implicated in the so-called Throckmorton plot against Queen Elizabeth I.^[note 10]

Doctor
Alberico Gentili



Engraved portrait of Gentili

Regius Professor of Civil Law

In office

1587–1608 (his death)

Monarch Elizabeth I

Preceded by William Mowse

Succeeded by John Budden

Personal details

Born 14 January 1552

Macerata, Italy

2 States in every State

- There is a lawful State
- There is a federal territory (municipal corporation)
- **“There has been created a fictional federal State (of) xxxxxx within a state. See Howard v. Sinking Fund of Louisville, 344 U.S. 624, 73 S.Ct. 465, 476, 97 L.Ed. 617 (1953)”**; Schwarts v. O'Hara TP School District, 100 A 2d. 621, 625, 375, Pa. 440,

It is all their US citizen slaves

- **"The exclusive jurisdiction which the United States have in forts and dock-yards ceded to them, is derived from the express assent of the States by whom the cessions are made. It could be derived in no other manner; because without it, the authority of the State would be supreme and exclusive therein," U.S. v. Bevans, 16 U.S. 336, 3 Wheat, at 350, 351 (1818).
[emphasis added]**

It is all for their US citizen slaves

- **“It is a well established principle of law that all federal regulation applies only within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States....”**
Foley Brothers, Inc. v. Filardo, 336 U.S. 281 (1949)
- **“There is a canon of legislative construction which teaches Congress that, unless a contrary intent appears legislation is meant to apply only within the territorial jurisdiction of the United States [the District of Columbia].”** U.S. v. Spelar, 338 U.S. 217 at 222

State Citizens

- **"State citizens are the only ones living under free government, whose rights are incapable of impairment by legislation or judicial decision."** *Twining v. New Jersey*, 211 U.S. 97, 1908
- **"State Citizenship is a vested substantial property right, and the State has no power to divest or impair these rights."** *Favot v. Kingsbury*, (1929) 98 Cal. App. 284, 276 P. 1083,
- **"The State cannot diminish rights of the people."** *Hertado v. California*, 110 U.S. 516

State Statutes are Actually Federal

- “In other words, when State *martial law* is imposed within the State to enforce National *martial law*, Congress has no reason to exercise its *martial law* powers.
- If a State has conformed to the new *Order*, there is no need for Congress to intervene. And if a white Citizen has not obtained the standing of a former slave by petitioning Congress for admittance to venue and jurisdiction of the Fourteenth Amendment (*i.e. statutory character of "person"*), then Congress has no power over that individual under this Clause (*Amend. 14, Sec. 5*).” Dyett v Turner 439 P2d 266 @ 269, 20 U2d 403 [1968] The Non-Ratification of the Fourteenth Amendment by Judge A.H. Ellett, Utah Supreme Court

Perpetual Commercial Warfare

- **“...statutes have been passed extending the courts of admiralty and vice-admiralty far beyond their ancient limits for depriving us the accustomed and inestimable privilege of trial by jury, in cases affecting both life and property.....to supersede the course of common law and instead thereof to publish and order the use and exercise of the law martial....”, Causes and Necessity of Taking Up Arms (1775)**

US Declaration of Independence

- **“He has combined with others to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution, and unacknowledged by our laws, giving his Assent to their Acts of pretended legislation.”** [color of law – martial law]
- **“For imposing taxes on us without our consent.”** [martial law]
- **“For depriving us in many cases of the benefits of trial by jury.”** [martial law]
- Declaration of Independence (1776) [emphasis added]

Perpetual Commercial Warfare

- **“...statutes have been passed extending the courts of admiralty and vice-admiralty far beyond their ancient limits for depriving us the accustomed and inestimable privilege of trial by jury, in cases affecting both life and property.....to supersede the course of common law and instead thereof to publish and order the use and exercise of the law martial....”, Causes and Necessity of Taking Up Arms (1775)**

Kangaroo Courts are Everywhere!

- **“Kangaroo court. Term descriptive of a sham legal proceeding in which a person's rights are totally disregarded and in which the result is a foregone conclusion because of the bias of the court or other tribunal.”**
Black’s Law Dictionary, 6th Edition,
page 868

All statutes and Codes are Bills of Attainder

- **“Bill of Attainder” means Legislative acts, no matter what their form, that apply either to named individuals or to easily ascertainable members of a group in such a way as to inflict punishment on them without a judicial trial.**
United States v. Brown, 381 U.S. 437, 448-49, 85 S. Ct. 1707, 1715, 14 L.Ed. 484, 492; United States v. Lovett, 328 U.S. 303, 315, 66 S.Ct. 1073, 1079, 90 L.Ed. 1252.

All Statutes and Codes are Bills of Attainder

- **“bill of attainder. 2. A special legislative act prescribing punishment, without a trial, for a specific person or group. • Bills of attainder are prohibited by the U.S. Constitution (art. I, § 9, cl. 3; art. I, § 10, cl. 1). — Also termed act of attainder. See **ATTAINDER; BILL OF PAINS AND PENALTIES** . [Cases: Constitutional Law 82.5. C.J.S. Constitutional Law §§ 429–431.]”** Black’s Law Dictionary, 8th Edition, page 496
- **“BILL OF PAINS AND PENALTIES bill of pains and penalties. A legislative act that, though similar to a bill of attainder, prescribes punishment less severe than capital punishment. • Bills of pains and penalties are included within the U.S. Constitution's ban on bills of attainder. U.S. Const. art I, § 9. [Cases: Constitutional Law 82.5. C.J.S. Constitutional Law §§ 429–431.]”** Black’s Law Dictionary, 8th Edition, page 499

Clerks Masquerading as a Judge

- **“No one is bound to obey an unconstitutional law and no courts are bound to enforce it.”** 16th American Jurisprudence 2d, Section 177 late 2nd, Section 256
- **“An unconstitutional act is not law; it confers no rights; it imposes no duties; affords no protection; it creates no office; it is in legal contemplation, as inoperative as though it had never been passed.”** Norton vs Shelby County, 118 U.S. 425, p. 442
- **“An unconstitutional law is void, and is as no law. An offence created by it is not a crime.”** Ex parte Siebold, 100 U.S. 371, 376 (1880), quoted with approval in Fay v. Noia, 372 U.S. 391, 408 (1963)
- **“it never became a law and was as much a nullity as if it had been the act or declaration of an unauthorized assemblage of individuals.”** (Ryan v. Lynch, 68 Ill. 160)

Clerk Masquerading as a Judge

- Operating in private capacity
- **“All oaths must be lawful, allowed by the common law, or some statute; if they are administered by persons in a private capacity, or not duly authorized, they are *coram non judice*, and void; and those administering them are guilty of a high contempt, for doing it without warrant of law, and punishable by fine and imprisonment. 3 *Inst.* 165; 4 *Inst.* 278; 2 *Roll. Abr.* 277.”** Tomlin’s Law Dictionary 1835 Edition, Volume 2
- **“An officer who acts in violation of the Constitution ceases to represent the government”.** Brookfield Const. Co. v. Stewart, 284 F. Supp. 94.

Clerks Masquerading as a Judge

- **“Officers of the court have no immunity, when violating a constitutional right, for they are deemed to know the law.”** *Owens v Independence* 100 S.C.T. 1398 (Ezra 7:23-26)
- **“Judge loses his absolute immunity from damage actions only when he acts in clear absence of all jurisdiction or performance of an act which is not judicial in nature.”** *Schucker v. Rockwood*, 846 F.2d 1202
- **“When enforcing mere statutes, judges of all courts do not act judicially” and thus are not protected by “qualified” or “limited immunity,”** SEE: *Owen v. City*, 445 U.S. 662; *Bothke v. Terry*, 713 F2d 1404

Other Videos (over 260)

- Bankster Thieves 1, 2, & 3
- Churchianity series
- Bankrupt Corporate (so-called) Governments
- BAR Members 1 & 2
- UNIDROIT
- Martial Law is here!
- Quasi Contracts and Roman Civil Law
- De Facto Courts
- All Courts are Ecclesiastical Courts
- DC Courts in Texas
- Jurisdiction

A Uniform = Roman Cult

- ❖ Anyone who is wearing a military uniform is an agent of the Roman Cult
- ❖ **“The wearing of clerical dress or of a religious habit on the part of lay folk,, is liable to the same penalty on the part of the State as the misuse of military uniform.”** Article 10, Concordat of 1933
- ❖ Almost all (so-called) governments are bankrupt and owned and operated by the Roman Cult
- ❖ At common law a sheriff would have a star only, and a Judge would wear a business suit
- ❖ At common law there is no uniform

A Uniform = Roman Cult

- The following are BAAL Priests in the Northern District of Texas, the Arizona District, and the Courts of Appeals for the Fifth Circuit and the Ninth Circuit
- These are the whores I have dealt with that I have pictures of

Sidney Fitzwater, the Whore



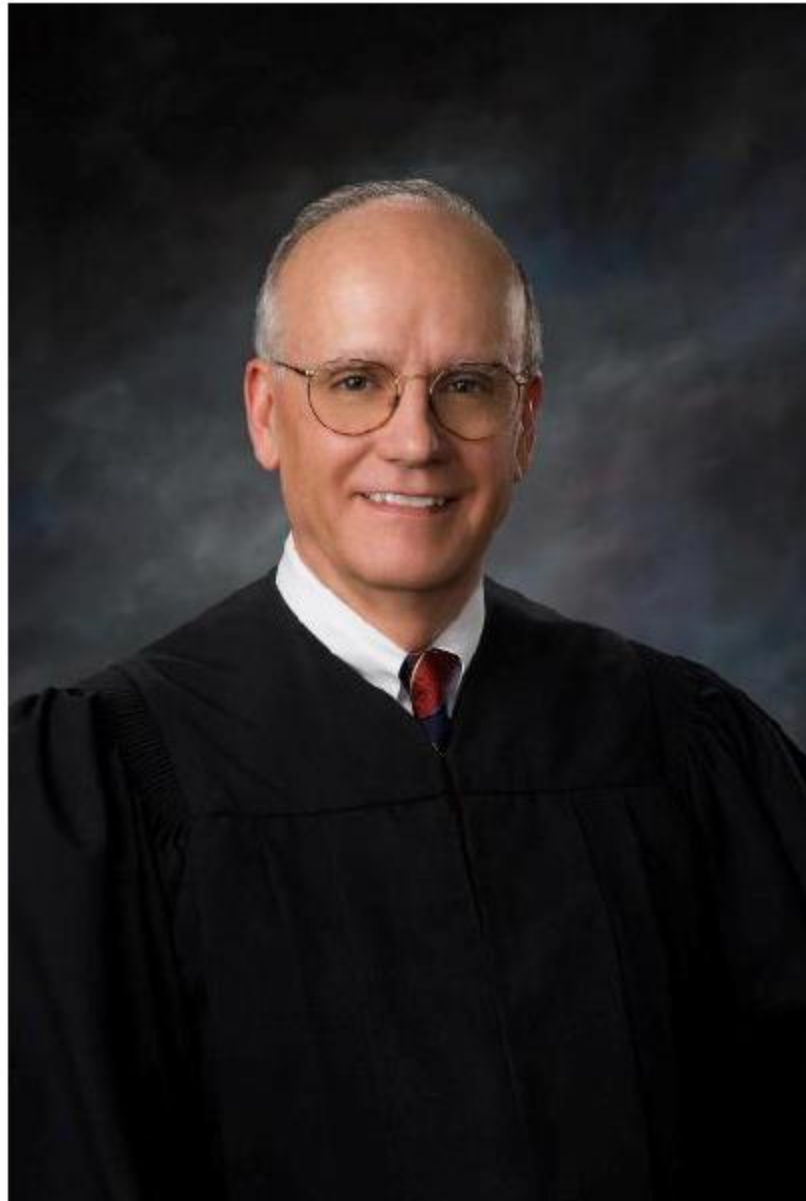
Joe Fish the Whore



Terry Means the Whore



Sam R. Cummings, the Whore



John H. McBryde, the Whore



Paul Stickney, the Whore



Edith Jones, the Whore



BAAL Priest Uniforms = Roman Cult = Whores



BAAL Priests – Roman Cult Whores

- Jeffrey L Cureton, Magistrate whore
- Neil V Wake, Judge whore
- Reed O'Connor, Judge whore
- Sam Cummings, Judge whore
- Richard C Tallman, Judge whore
- Stephen McNamee, Judge whore



[Help](#)



Code of Canon Law



IntraText - Text

- BOOK VII PROCESSES
 - Part I. TRIALS IN GENERAL (Cann. 1400 - 1403)
 - TITLE II. DIFFERENT GRADES AND KINDS OF TRIBUNALS (Cann. 1417 - 1445)
 - CHAPTER II. THE TRIBUNAL OF SECOND INSTANCE



[Previous](#) - [Next](#)

[Click here to show the links to concordance](#)

CHAPTER II.

THE TRIBUNAL OF SECOND INSTANCE



Tribunal

- All so-called Courts are Tribunals (except common law jury of peers – trial by jury – not trial with jury)
- It is all Admiralty
- All Tribunals come from Canon Law
- They assault you with their satanic contract to sell you into slavery

Comment

- Recently there was a news item saying that they are thinking about nationalizing the Federal Reserve Bank
- That is nothing but a bunch of crap
- The United States is already owned and operated by the Roman Cult through their International Monetary Fund and World Bank
- It is like taking it from 1 pocket and putting it into another pocket
- It is typical lies and fraud that the Roman Cult Satanists like to engage in, for the gullible idiots out there.

United Nations = Roman Cult

- convert a court case into a commercial transaction,
- convert an article 3 judge into an article 1 revenue officer BAAL priest clerk masquerading as a judge, who is working for the crown and the roman cult,
- pay for the errors and omissions insurance for the BAAL priest (so-called judge) thereby alleviating him of any responsibility in the matter,
- makes it so that the BAAL priest (so-called judge) doesn't care what the outcome is,
- nullifies the BAAL priest's oath of office in the matter, since all errors and omissions are covered by the insurance,

United Nations = Roman Cult

- converts the court case into a contract dispute in admiralty,
- makes it so that the BAAL priest gets to collect a royalty in the case in support of his multi-million dollar retirement,
- gives the BAAL priest a special motivation to dismiss the case, to thereby encourage more violations, and to create more business down the road!,
- creates business for his BAAL priest buddies in the courts of appeals,
- creates the opportunity to leverage the fees by 30 times, since all courts are banks, to improve the balance sheet of their so-called court, and,
- generates revenue for their roman cult handlers

United Nations Agencies

- Child Protective Services
- Family Court
- All BAR Members (lawyers & judges)
- All Law Enforcement Officers (LEOs)
- Anyone with a military uniform on

Roman Cult Whores

- All of these whores have the capability to operate as an Article 3 Judge, but NONE of them ever do
- They fabricate evidence of their US citizen slave so they can
 - Put the case into interstate commerce under the commerce clause
 - Convert it to an Admiralty proceeding
 - Become a clerk masquerading as a Judge
 - Collect a royalty in support of their million dollar retirement
 - Sit there and play stupid
 - Perjure their oath and get away with it

Summary

- **Copies of these documents can be found at My private group at Yahoo called Administrating-Your-Public-Servants**
- **I have Youtube videos that are videos of Private Information Shares that show these and other court citations that are available for a donation**
- **Donations to support this work are appreciated. I prefer gold or silver coin, but as an extremely less desirable alternative I can accept IOUs (Federal Reserve Notes, Paypal gifts, checks, money orders, etc) send me an email for particulars**

Contact Information

- Blog; <http://sovereigntyinternational.wordpress.com>
- Website - www.sovereigntyinternational.fyi
- Email - engineerwin@yahoo.com
- Youtube profile – sovereigntyliving – Sovereignty International
- Facebook
 - Community Page - Deleted
 - Private Group – Sovereignty International – Being Deleted
- Yahoo Private Group – Administrating-Your-Public-Servants
- Google Private Group – Administrating-Your-Public-Servants